





7 Steps

TO MAKE BIOCHAR FERTILIZER

MATERIALS

This can make up to 50 kg of biochar fertilizer

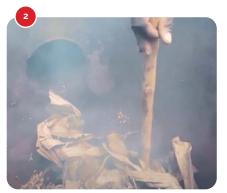
| Coffee husks or maize husks, bean husks 1 bag |
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| Gardening bags5 |
| Chicken droppings or cow dung, pig droppings 1 bag |
| Banana peelings or Irish potato peelings 1 bag |
| Metallic drum1 |
| Fine mesh strainer (for sieving)1 |
| Stick (steering the organic waste)1 |
| Jerry can/water (to put fire out)1 |
| Maize cobs1 |
| Tree branches1 |

Benefits

- Increases soil fertility thus better yield
- Helps conserve the environment



Dry the organic waste. These include coffee husks, animal droppings, banana peelings and others.¹



Start burning the dry organic waste (start with dry grass) in a metallic drum. Light with hot charcoal or a match. Add any other organic waste that can quickly light then add chicken or cow droppings.²



Continue burning the organic waste to make a charcoal-like carbon-based material. Keep mixing all the waste to ensure that it all burns.³



Remove the carbon-like material and sieve it using a mesh strainer. Fine particles can be separated from the residues.



Place the residue in a gardening bag and use a stick to crush it further into fine particles. After crushing, sieve the material again with a net for fine particles to get biochar fertilizer.



Pack the biochar fertilizer into gardening bags.



This is now ready to be taken into the garden to increase soil fertility.

TIPS

- Do not use wet organic waste since it will not burn.
- 2. While burning, ensure that a flame is not created as it will cause the waste to burn into ash.
- 3. Cool carbon-like material by sprinkling little amounts of water.